



# GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Pharmacy

Subject Code: BP601TP

SEMESTER: VI

Subject Name: Medicinal Chemistry III

**Scope:** This subject is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on the structure, chemistry and therapeutic value of drugs. The subject emphasis on modern techniques of rational drug design like quantitative structure activity relationship (QSAR), Prodrug concept, combinatorial chemistry and Computer aided drug design (CADD). The subject also emphasizes on the chemistry, mechanism of action, metabolism, adverse effects, Structure Activity Relationships (SAR), therapeutic uses and synthesis of important drugs.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

1. Understand the importance of drug design and different techniques of drug design.
2. Understand the chemistry of drugs with respect to their biological activity
3. Know the metabolism, adverse effects and therapeutic value of drugs.
4. Know the importance of SAR of drugs

**Teaching scheme and examination scheme:**

Teaching Scheme				Evaluation Scheme			
Theory	Tutorial	Practical	Total	Theory		Practical	
				External	Internal	External	Internal
3	1	4	6	80	20	80	20

Sr No	Topics	% weightage
1.	<b>Antibiotics</b> Historical background, Nomenclature, Stereochemistry, Structure activity relationship, Chemical degradation classification and important products of the following classes <b><math>\beta</math>-Lactam antibiotics:</b> Penicillin, Cephalosporins, $\beta$ - Lactamase inhibitors, Monobactams <b>Aminoglycosides:</b> Streptomycin, Neomycin, Kanamycin <b>Tetracyclines:</b> Tetracycline, Oxytetracycline, Chlortetracycline, Minocycline, Doxycycline	10
2.	<b>Antibiotics</b> Historical background, Nomenclature, Stereochemistry, Structure activity relationship, Chemical degradation classification and important products of the following classes <b>Macrolide:</b> Erythromycin Clarithromycin, Azithromycin <b>Miscellaneous:</b> Chloramphenicol*, Clindamycin <b>Prodrugs:</b> Basic concepts and application of prodrugs design. <b>Antimalarials:</b> Etiology of malaria <b>Quinolines:</b> SAR, Quinine sulphate, Chloroquine*, Amodiaquine, Primaquine phosphate, Pamaquine*, Quinacrine hydrochloride, Mefloquine. <b>Biguanides and dihydro triazines:</b> Cycloguanil pamoate, Proguanil. <b>Miscellaneous:</b> Pyrimethamine, Artesunate, Artemether, Atovoquone.	10
3.	<b>Anti-tubercular Agents</b> <b>Synthetic anti tubercular agents:</b> Isoniazid*, Ethionamide, Ethambutol, Pyrazinamide, Para amino salicylic acid.* <b>Anti tubercular antibiotics:</b> Rifampicin, Rifabutin, Cycloserine Streptomycin, Capreomycin sulphate <b>Urinary tract anti-infective agents</b> <b>Quinolones:</b> SAR of quinolones, Nalidixic Acid, Norfloxacin, Enoxacin,	10



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	Ciprofloxacin*, Ofloxacin, Lomefloxacin, Sparfloxacin, Gatifloxacin, Moxifloxacin <b>Miscellaneous:</b> Furazolidine, Nitrofurantoin*, Methanamine <b>Antiviral agents:</b> Amantadine hydrochloride, Rimantadine hydrochloride, Idoxuridine trifluoride, Acyclovir*, Gancyclovir, Zidovudine, Didanosine, Zalcitabine, Lamivudine, Loviride, Delavirding, Ribavirin, Saquinavir, Indinavir, Ritonavir.	
4.	<b>Antifungal agents:</b> <b>Antifungal antibiotics:</b> Amphotericin-B, Nystatin, Natamycin, Griseofulvin <b>Synthetic Antifungal agents:</b> Clotrimazole, Econazole, Butoconazole, Oxiconazole Tioconazole, Miconazole*, Ketoconazole, Terconazole, Itraconazole, Fluconazole, Naftifine hydrochloride, Tolnaftate*. <b>Anti-protozoal Agents:</b> Metronidazole*, Tinidazole, Ornidazole, Diloxanide, Iodoquinol, Pentamidine Isethionate, Atovaquone, Eflornithine. <b>Anthelmintics:</b> Diethylcarbamazine citrate*, Thiabendazole, Mebendazole*, Albendazole, Niclosamide, Oxamniquine, Praziquantal, Ivermectin. <b>Sulphonamides and Sulfones</b> Historical development, chemistry, classification and SAR of Sulfonamides: Sulphamethizole, Sulfisoxazole, Sulphamethizine, Sulfacetamide*, Sulphapyridine, Sulfamethoxazole*, Sulphadiazine, Mefenide acetate, Sulfasalazine <b>Folate reductase inhibitors:</b> Trimethoprim*, Cotrimoxazole <b>Sulfones:</b> Dapsone*.	8
5.	<b>Introduction to Drug Design</b> Various approaches used in drug design. Physicochemical parameters used in quantitative structure activity relationship (QSAR) such as partition coefficient, Hammett's electronic parameter, Taft's steric parameter and Hansch analysis Pharmacophore modeling and docking techniques. <b>Combinatorial Chemistry:</b> Concept and applications of Combinatorial chemistry: solid phase and solution phase synthesis.	7

Study of the development of the following classes of drugs, Classification, mechanism of action, uses of drugs mentioned in the course, Structure activity relationship of selective class of drugs as specified in the course and synthesis of drugs superscripted by (\*)

## Practical

### I Preparation of drugs and intermediates

- 1 Sulphanilamide
- 2 7-Hydroxy, 4-methyl coumarin
- 3 Chlorobutanol
- 4 Triphenyl imidazole
- 5 Tolbutamide
- 6 Hexamine

### II Assay of drugs

- 1 Isonicotinic acid hydrazide
- 2 Chloroquine
- 3 Metronidazole
- 4 Dapsone
- 5 Chlorpheniramine maleate
- 6 Benzyl penicillin

III Preparation of medicinally important compounds or intermediates by Microwave irradiation technique

IV Drawing structures and reactions using chem draw®



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V Determination of physicochemical properties such as logP, clogP, MR, Molecular weight, Hydrogen bond donors and acceptors for class of drugs course content using drug design software Drug likeliness screening (Lipinskies RO5)

## **Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**

1. Wilson and Giswold's Organic medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry.
2. Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry.
3. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, Vol I to IV.
4. Introduction to principles of drug design- Smith and Williams.
5. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences.
6. Martindale's extra pharmacopoeia.
7. Organic Chemistry by I.L. Finar, Vol. II.
8. The Organic Chemistry of Drug Synthesis by Lednicer, Vol. 1-5.
9. Indian Pharmacopoeia.
10. Text book of practical organic chemistry- A.I.Vogel.



# GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Pharmacy

Subject Code: BP602TP

SEMESTER: VI

Subject Name: Pharmacology III

**Scope:** This subject is intended to impart the fundamental knowledge on various aspects (classification, mechanism of action, therapeutic effects, clinical uses, side effects and contraindications) of drugs acting on respiratory and gastrointestinal system, infectious diseases, immuno-pharmacology and in addition, emphasis on the principles of toxicology and chronopharmacology.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of this course the student should be able to:

1. understand the mechanism of drug action and its relevance in the treatment of different infectious diseases
2. comprehend the principles of toxicology and treatment of various poisonings and
3. appreciate correlation of pharmacology with related medical sciences.

**Teaching scheme and examination scheme:**

Teaching Scheme				Evaluation Scheme			
Theory	Tutorial	Practical	Total	Theory		Practical	
				External	Internal	External	Internal
3	1	4	6	80	20	80	20

Sr No	Topics	% weightage
1.	<b>Pharmacology of drugs acting on Respiratory system</b> a. Anti -asthmatic drugs b. Drugs used in the management of COPD c. Expectorants and antitussives d. Nasal decongestants e. Respiratory stimulants	10
2.	<b>Pharmacology of drugs acting on the Gastrointestinal Tract</b> a. Antiulcer agents. b. Drugs for constipation and diarrhoea. c. Appetite stimulants and suppressants. d. Digestants and carminatives. e. Emetics and anti-emetics.	10
3.	<b>Chemotherapy</b> a. General principles of chemotherapy. b. Sulfonamides and cotrimoxazole. c. Antibiotics- Penicillins, cephalosporins, chloramphenicol, macrolides, quinolones and fluoroquinolins, tetracycline and aminoglycosides	10
4.	<b>Chemotherapy</b> a. Antitubercular agents b. Antileprotic agents c. Antifungal agents d. Antiviral drugs e. Anthelmintics f. Antimalarial drugs g. Antiamoebic agents	10
5.	<b>Chemotherapy</b> l. Urinary tract infections and sexually transmitted diseases. m. Chemotherapy of malignancy	8
	<b>Immunopharmacology</b> a. Immunostimulants	



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	b. Immunosuppressant Protein drugs, monoclonal antibodies, target drugs to antigen, biosimilars	
6	<b>Principles of toxicology</b> a. Definition and basic knowledge of acute, subacute and chronic toxicity. b. Definition and basic knowledge of genotoxicity, carcinogenicity, teratogenicity and mutagenicity c. General principles of treatment of poisoning d. Clinical symptoms and management of barbiturates, morphine, organophosphorus compound and lead, mercury and arsenic poisoning	7
7	<b>Chronopharmacology</b> a. Definition of rhythm and cycles. b. Biological clock and their significance leading to chronotherapy.	

## Practical

1. Dose calculation in pharmacological experiments
  2. Antiallergic activity by mast cell stabilization assay
  3. Study of anti-ulcer activity of a drug using pylorus ligand (SHAY) rat model and NSAIDS induced ulcer model.
  4. Study of effect of drugs on gastrointestinal motility
  5. Effect of agonist and antagonists on guinea pig ileum
  6. Estimation of serum biochemical parameters by using semi- autoanalyser
  7. Effect of saline purgative on frog intestine
  8. Insulin hypoglycemic effect in rabbit
  9. Test for pyrogens ( rabbit method)
  10. Determination of acute oral toxicity (LD50) of a drug from a given data
  11. Determination of acute skin irritation / corrosion of a test substance
  12. Determination of acute eye irritation / corrosion of a test substance
  13. Calculation of pharmacokinetic parameters from a given data
  14. Biostatistics methods in experimental pharmacology( student's t test, ANOVA)
  15. Biostatistics methods in experimental pharmacology (Chi square test, Wilcoxon Signed Rank test)
- \*Experiments are demonstrated by simulated experiments/videos*

## Recommended Books (Latest Editions)

1. Rang H. P., Dale M. M., Ritter J. M., Flower R. J., Rang and Dale's Pharmacology, Churchill Livingstone Elsevier
2. Katzung B. G., Masters S. B., Trevor A. J., Basic and clinical pharmacology, Tata Mc Graw-Hill
3. Goodman and Gilman's, The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics
4. Marry Anne K. K., Lloyd Yee Y., Brian K. A., Robbin L.C., Joseph G. B., Wayne A. K., Bradley R.W., Applied Therapeutics, The Clinical use of Drugs. The Point Lippincott Williams &Wilkins
5. Mycek M.J, Gelnet S.B and Perper M.M. Lippincott's Illustrated Reviews- Pharmacology
6. K.D.Tripathi. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology, , JAYPEE Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd, New Delhi.
7. Sharma H. L., Sharma K. K., Principles of Pharmacology, Paras medical publisher
8. Modern Pharmacology with clinical Applications, by Charles R.Craig & Robert, Ghosh MN. Fundamentals of Experimental Pharmacology. Hilton & Company, Kolkata,
9. Kulkarni SK. Handbook of experimental pharmacology. VallabhPrakashan,
10. N.Udupa and P.D. Gupta, Concepts in Chronopharmacology.



# GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Pharmacy

Subject Code: BP603TP

SEMESTER: VI

Subject Name: Herbal Drug Technology

**Scope:** This subject gives the student the knowledge of basic understanding of herbal drug industry, the quality of raw material, guidelines for quality of herbal drugs, herbal cosmetics, natural sweeteners, nutraceutical etc. The subject also emphasizes on Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP), patenting and regulatory issues of herbal drugs

**Objectives:** Upon completion of this course the student should be able to:

1. understand raw material as source of herbal drugs from cultivation to herbal drug product
2. know the WHO and ICH guidelines for evaluation of herbal drugs
3. know the herbal cosmetics, natural sweeteners, nutraceuticals
4. appreciate patenting of herbal drugs, GMP .

**Teaching scheme and examination scheme:**

Teaching Scheme				Evaluation Scheme			
Theory	Tutorial	Practical	Total	Theory		Practical	
				External	Internal	External	Internal
3	1	4	6	80	20	80	20

Sr No	Topics	% weightage
1.	<b>Herbs as raw materials</b> Definition of herb, herbal medicine, herbal medicinal product, herbal drug preparation Source of Herbs Selection, identification and authentication of herbal materials Processing of herbal raw material <b>Biodynamic Agriculture</b> Good agricultural practices in cultivation of medicinal plants including Organic farming. Pest and Pest management in medicinal plants: Biopesticides/Bioinsecticides. <b>Indian Systems of Medicine</b> a) Basic principles involved in Ayurveda, Siddha, Unani and Homeopathy b) Preparation and standardization of Ayurvedic formulations viz Aristas and Asawas, Ghutika, Churna, Lehya and Bhasma.	11
2.	<b>Nutraceuticals</b> General aspects, Market, growth, scope and types of products available in the market. Health benefits and role of Nutraceuticals in ailments like Diabetes, CVS diseases, Cancer, Irritable bowel syndrome and various Gastro intestinal diseases. Study of following herbs as health food: Alfaalfa, Chicory, Ginger, Fenugreek, Garlic, Honey, Amla, Ginseng, Ashwagandha, Spirulina <b>Herbal-Drug and Herb-Food Interactions:</b> General introduction to interaction and classification. Study of following drugs and their possible side effects and interactions: Hypercium, kava-kava, Ginkobiloba, Ginseng, Garlic, Pepper & Ephedra.	7
3.	<b>Herbal Cosmetics</b> Sources and description of raw materials of herbal origin used via, fixed oils, waxes, gums colours, perfumes, protective agents, bleaching agents, antioxidants in products such as skin care, hair care and oral hygiene products. <b>Herbal excipients:</b> Herbal Excipients – Significance of substances of natural origin as excipients – colorants, sweeteners, binders, diluents, viscosity builders, disintegrants, flavors & perfumes.	10



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Subject Code: BP603TP

	<b>Herbal formulations :</b> Conventional herbal formulations like syrups, mixtures and tablets and Novel dosage forms like phytosomes	
4.	<b>Evaluation of Drugs</b> WHO & ICH guidelines for the assessment of herbal drugs Stability testing of herbal drugs. <b>Patenting and Regulatory requirements of natural products:</b> a) Definition of the terms: Patent, IPR, Farmers right, Breeder's right, Bioprospecting and Biopiracy b) Patenting aspects of Traditional Knowledge and Natural Products. Case study of Curcuma & Neem. <b>Regulatory Issues</b> - Regulations in India (ASU DTAB, ASU DCC), Regulation of manufacture of ASU drugs - Schedule Z of Drugs & Cosmetics Act for ASU drugs	10
5.	<b>General Introduction to Herbal Industry</b> Herbal drugs industry: Present scope and future prospects. A brief account of plant based industries and institutions involved in work on medicinal and aromatic plants in India. <b>Schedule T – Good Manufacturing Practice of Indian systems of medicine</b> Components of GMP (Schedule – T) and its objectives Infrastructural requirements, working space, storage area, machinery and equipments, standard operating procedures, health and hygiene, documentation and records.	7

### Practical

1. To perform preliminary phytochemical screening of crude drugs.
2. Determination of the alcohol content of Asava and Arista
3. Evaluation of excipients of natural origin
4. Incorporation of prepared and standardized extract in cosmetic formulations like creams, lotions and shampoos and their evaluation.
5. Incorporation of prepared and standardized extract in formulations like syrups, mixtures and tablets and their evaluation as per Pharmacopoeial requirements.
6. Monograph analysis of herbal drugs from recent Pharmacopoeias
7. Determination of Aldehyde content
8. Determination of Phenol content
9. Determination of total alkaloids

### Recommended Books (Latest Editions)

1. Textbook of Pharmacognosy by Trease & Evans.
2. Textbook of Pharmacognosy by Tyler, Brady & Robber.
3. Pharmacognosy by Kokate, Purohit and Gokhale
4. Essential of Pharmacognosy by Dr.S.H.Ansari
5. Pharmacognosy & Phytochemistry by V.D.Rangari
6. Pharmacopoeal standards for Ayurvedic Formulation (Council of Research in
7. Indian Medicine & Homeopathy)
8. Mukherjee, P.W. Quality Control of Herbal Drugs: An Approach to Evaluation of Botanicals. Business Horizons Publishers, New Delhi, India, 2002.



# GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Pharmacy

Subject Code: BP604TT

SEMESTER: VI

Subject Name: Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics

**Scope:** This subject is designed to impart knowledge and skills of Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics and their applications in pharmaceutical development, design of dose and dosage regimen and in solving the problems arisen therein

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

1. Understand the basic concepts in biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics and their significance.
2. Use of plasma drug concentration-time data to calculate the pharmacokinetic parameters to describe the kinetics of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism, excretion, elimination.
3. To understand the concepts of bioavailability and bioequivalence of drug products and their significance.
4. Understand various pharmacokinetic parameters, their significance & applications.

**Teaching scheme and examination scheme:**

Teaching Scheme				Evaluation Scheme			
Theory	Tutorial	Practical	Total	Theory		Practical	
				External	Internal	External	Internal
3	1	0	4	80	20	0	0

Sr No	Topics	% weightage
1.	<b>Introduction</b> <b>Biopharmaceutics To Absorption;</b> Mechanisms of drug absorption through GIT, factors influencing drug absorption through GIT, absorption of drug from Non per oral extra-vascular routes, <b>Distribution</b> Tissue permeability of drugs, binding of drugs, apparent, volume of drug distribution, plasma and tissue protein binding of drugs, factors affecting protein-drug binding. Kinetics of protein binding, Clinical significance of protein binding of drugs	10
2.	<b>Elimination:</b> Drug metabolism and basic understanding metabolic pathways renal excretion of drugs, factors affecting renal excretion of drugs, renal clearance, Non renal routes of drug excretion of drugs <b>Bioavailability and Bioequivalence:</b> Definition and Objectives of bioavailability, absolute and relative bioavailability, measurement of bioavailability, <i>in-vitro</i> drug dissolution models, <i>in-vitro-in-vivo</i> correlations, bioequivalence studies, methods to enhance the dissolution rates and bioavailability of poorly soluble drugs.	10
3.	<b>Pharmacokinetics:</b> Definition and introduction to Pharmacokinetics, Compartment models, Non compartment models, physiological models, One compartment open model. (a). Intravenous Injection (Bolus) (b). Intravenous infusion and (c) Extra vascular administrations. Pharmacokinetics parameters - $KE$ , $t_{1/2}$ , $V_d$ , $AUC$ , $K_a$ , $Cl_t$ and $CLR$ - definitions methods of eliminations, understanding of their significance and Application	10
4.	<b>Multicompartment models:</b> Two compartment open model. IV bolus Kinetics of multiple dosing, steady state drug levels, calculation of loading and maintenance doses and their significance in clinical settings	8
5.	<b>Nonlinear Pharmacokinetics:</b> a. Introduction, b. Factors causing Non-linearity. c. Michaelis-menton method of estimating parameters, Explanation with example of drugs.	7





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## **Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**

1. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by, Milo Gibaldi.
2. Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics; By Robert F Notari
3. Applied biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics, Leon Shargel and Andrew B.C.YU 4th edition, Prentice-Hall International edition, USA
4. Bio pharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics-A Treatise, By D. M. Brahmanekar and Sunil B. Jaiswal, Vallabh Prakashan Pitampura, Delhi
5. Pharmacokinetics: By Milo Gibaldi Donald, R. Marcel Dekker Inc.
6. Hand Book of Clinical Pharmacokinetics, By Milo Gibaldi and Laurie Prescott by ADIS Health Science Press.
7. Biopharmaceutics; By Swarbrick
8. Clinical Pharmacokinetics, Concepts and Applications: By Malcolm Rowland and Thomas, N. Tozen, Lea and Febrger, Philadelphia, 1995.
9. Dissolution, Bioavailability and Bioequivalence, By Abdou H.M, Mack, Publishing Company, Pennsylvania 1989.
10. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics-An introduction 4th edition Revised and expanded by Robert F Notari Marcel Dekker Inc, New York and Basel, 1987.
11. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, By Mack Publishing Company, Pennsylvania



# GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

Bachelor of Pharmacy

Subject Code: BP605TP

SEMESTER: VI

Subject Name: Industrial Pharmacy I

**Scope:** Course enables the student to understand and appreciate the influence of pharmaceutical additives and various pharmaceutical dosage forms on the performance of the drug product.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of this course the student should be able to:

1. Know the various pharmaceutical dosage forms and their manufacturing Techniques
2. Know various considerations in development of pharmaceutical dosage forms
3. Formulate solid, liquid and semisolid dosage forms and evaluate them for their quality.

**Teaching scheme and examination scheme:**

Teaching Scheme				Evaluation Scheme			
Theory	Tutorial	Practical	Total	Theory		Practical	
				External	Internal	External	Internal
3	1	4	6	80	20	80	20

Sr No	Topics	% weightage
1.	<b>Preformulation Studies:</b> Introduction to preformulation, goals and objectives, study of physicochemical characteristics of drug substances. <b>a. Physical properties:</b> Physical form (crystal & amorphous), particle size, shape, flow properties, solubility profile (pKa, pH, partition coefficient), polymorphism <b>b. Chemical Properties:</b> Hydrolysis, oxidation, reduction, racemisation, polymerization BCS classification of drugs & its significant. Application of preformulation considerations in the development of solid, liquid oral and parenteral dosage forms and its impact on stability of dosage forms.	7
2.	<b>Tablets:</b> a. Introduction, ideal characteristics of tablets, classification of tablets. Excipients, Formulation of tablets, granulation methods, compression and processing problems. Equipments and tablet tooling. b. Tablet coating: Types of coating, coating materials, formulation of coating composition, methods of coating, equipment employed and defects in coating. c. Quality control tests: In process and finished product tests <b>Liquid orals:</b> Formulation and manufacturing consideration of syrups and elixirs suspensions and emulsions; Filling and packaging; evaluation of liquid orals official in pharmacopoeia	10
3.	<b>Capsules:</b> a. <b>Hard gelatin capsules:</b> Introduction, Production of hard gelatin capsule shells. Size of capsules, Filling, finishing and special techniques of formulation of hard gelatin capsules, manufacturing defects. In process and final product quality control tests for capsules. b. <b>Soft gelatin capsules:</b> Nature of shell and capsule content, size of capsules, importance of base adsorption and minim/gram factors, production, in process and final product quality control tests. Packing, storage and stability testing of soft gelatin capsules and their applications. <b>Pellets:</b> Introduction, formulation requirements, pelletization process, equipments for manufacture of pellets	8
4.	<b>Parenteral Products:</b> a. Definition, types, advantages and limitations. Preformulation factors and essential requirements, vehicles, additives, importance of isotonicity	10



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## Bachelor of Pharmacy

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	<p>b. Production procedure, production facilities and controls, aseptic processing</p> <p>c. Formulation of injections, sterile powders, large volume parenterals and lyophilized products.</p> <p>d. Containers and closures selection, filling and sealing of ampoules, vials and infusion fluids. Quality control tests of parenteral products.</p> <p><b>Ophthalmic Preparations:</b> Introduction, formulation considerations; formulation of eye drops, eye ointments and eye lotions; methods of preparation; labeling, containers; evaluation of ophthalmic preparations</p>	
5.	<p><b>Cosmetics:</b> Formulation and preparation of the following cosmetic preparations: lipsticks, shampoos, cold cream and vanishing cream, tooth pastes, hair dyes and sunscreens.</p> <p><b>Pharmaceutical Aerosols:</b> Definition, propellants, containers, valves, types of aerosol systems; formulation and manufacture of aerosols; Evaluation of aerosols; Quality control and stability studies.</p> <p><b>Packaging Materials Science:</b> Materials used for packaging of pharmaceutical products, factors influencing choice of containers, legal and official requirements for containers, stability aspects of packaging materials, quality control tests.</p>	10

### Practical

1. Preformulation studies on paracetamol/asparin/or any other drug
2. Preparation and evaluation of Paracetamol tablets
3. Preparation and evaluation of Aspirin tablets
4. Coating of tablets- film coating of tables/granules
5. Preparation and evaluation of Tetracycline capsules
6. Preparation of Calcium Gluconate injection
7. Preparation of Ascorbic Acid injection
8. Qulaity control test of (as per IP) marketed tablets and capsules
9. Preparation of Eye drops/ and Eye ointments
10. Preparation of Creams (cold / vanishing cream)
11. Evaluation of Glass containers (as per IP)

### Recommended Books (Latest Editions)

1. Pharmaceutical dosage forms - Tablets, volume 1 -3 by H.A. Liberman, Leon Lachman &J.B.Schwartz
2. Pharmaceutical dosage form - Parenteral medication vol- 1&2 by Liberman & Lachman
3. Pharmaceutical dosage form disperse system VOL-1 by Liberman & Lachman
4. Modern Pharmaceutics by Gilbert S. Banker & C.T. Rhodes, 3rd Edition
5. Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, 20th edition Pharmaceutical Science (RPS)
6. 6. Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy by Liberman & Lachman
7. Pharmaceutics- The science of dosage form design by M.E.Aulton, Churchill livingstone, Latest edition
8. Introduction to Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms by H. C.Ansel, Lea &Febiger, Philadelphia, 5thedition, 2005
9. Drug stability - Principles and practice by Cartensen & C.J. Rhodes, 3rd Edition, Marcel Dekker Series, Vol 107.